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RASCH MODEL APPLICATION IN VALIDATING INSTRUMENT FOR KNOWLEDGE **INTEGRATION IN SMALL MEDIUM ENTERPRISES**

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ABSTRACT

This paper aims in analysing the application of Social Media to enhance the Knowledge Integra-tion (KI) by proposed of KI model for Small Medium Enterprises (SMEs) by using Rasch Model Application. An initial conceptual model has been constructed based on TOE framework (Tech-nology, Organization, Environment) which is including KI, Social Media, SMEs, Environment, and Service Quality Factors.

1. INTRODUCTION

Knowledge is acknowledged as a sustainable basis of competitive advantage for many organiza-tions possess [1]. Most Small Medium Enterprises (SMEs) have started to realize the importance of Knowledge Integration (KI) in streamlining their operations and processes to improve organizational performance [2]. Due to this motivation, this paper aims in analysing the application of Social Media to enhance the Knowledge Integration (KI) by proposed of KI model for SMEs by using Rasch Model Application. An initial conceptual model has been constructed based on TOE framework (Technology, Organization, Environment) which is including KI, Social Media, SMEs, Environment, and Service Quality Factors [3]. The data has been collected based on 31 employees from SMEs practitioners who are getting involved in KI with Social Media environ-ment. The result shows that person reliability is high (0.96) but item reliability is fair (0.70). Out-fit and infit mean square values are very much close to 1, and Z- standardize value is within the expected range. Value for Point Measure Correlation (PMC) is more than 0 and positive value. So, there are no questions/ items which do not fit or not appropriately constructed. Unidimen-sionality shows that there is no visible secondary dimension. The initial model has been develop as a basic of the future model deployment of KI implement in SMEs.

2. DESCRIPTION

31 staff from Small Medium Enterprises (SMEs) in Malaysia participated in this pilot study. The pilot data were tabulated and analyzed using WinSteps. Rasch identified an extreme score which will later be excluded from further analysis. Person and Item summary statistics results and measures are shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

SUMMARY OF 31 MEASURED Persons

	RAW			M	ODEL		INF	IT	OUTI	TT:
	SCORE	COUNT	MEASU	JRE E	RROR	M	ISQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
MEAN	269.1	84.9	1.	.85	.26	1.	.00	3	1.02	3
S.D.	25.1	.3	1.	.52	.14		66	3.0	.70	3.1
MAX.	339.0	85.0	7.	.86	1.01	3.	48	7.4	3.60	7.4
MIN.	195.0	84.0	-1.	.06	.15		16	-5.7	.13	-6.0
REAL RI	MSE .3	1 ADJ.SD	1.49	SEPARA	TION	4.72	Pers	on REL	IABILIT	 .96
NODEL RI		9 ADJ.SD MEAN = .28	1.49	SEPARA	TION	5.12	Pers	on REL	IABILIT	7 .96

VALID RESPONSES: 99.8%

Person RAW SCORE-TO-MEASURE CORRELATION = .95 (approximate due to missing data)

CRONBACH ALPHA (KR-20) Person RAW SCORE RELIABILITY = .97 (approximate due to missing data)

Figure 1: Statistic Summary for person

Ť		RAI	d				MODEL		INF	ΙΤ	OUTF	ΙΤ
į		SCOF	RE	COUNT	MEA	SURE	ERROR	M	INSQ	ZSTD	MNSQ	ZSTD
	MEAN	98.	.1	31.0		.00	.39		.98	.0	1.02	.1
	S.D.	5.	. 2	.3		.75	.02		.34	1.1	.56	1.0
	MAX.	114.	.0	31.0		1.98	.41	1	.93	2.6	4.78	4.4
İ	MIN.	82.	.0	29.0	-	2.40	.29		.36	-2.2	.26	-2.3
- 1												
	REAL	RMSE	.41	ADJ.SD	.63	SEP	ARATION	1.52	Item	REL	IABILITY	.70
Ú	MODEL	RMSE	.39	ADJ.SD	.64	SEP	ARATION	1.66	Item	REL	IABILITY	.73
İ	S.E.	OF Item	MEAN	= .08								İ

UMEAN=.000 USCALE=1.000

Item RAW SCORE-TO-MEASURE CORRELATION = -.98 (approximate due to missing data) 2631 DATA POINTS. APPROXIMATE LOG-LIKELIHOOD CHI-SQUARE: 3282.21

Figure 2: Statistic Summary for item

Figure 1 also shows statistics summary for person of which Cronbach alpha is 0.96 is quite high. Hence, it means that the responses are reliable for analysis. Individual Mean is 1.85logit. In other words, the logit shows that respondents endorse most items. The spread of person respondent is 7.86-(-1.06) = 8.92. This is due to very erratic by one of the respondent. The person separation is 4.72 is quite good. In Rasch, person separation is used to classify people. Low person separation (< 2, person reliability < 0.8) with a relevant person sample implies that the instrument may not be not sensitive enough to distinguish between high and low performers. Whereas, Figure 2 shows statistic summary for item reliability score of 0.70 is fair. This might be due to small sam-ple size being used for analysis. The spread of item is 1.98-(-2.40) = 4.38. The item separation is 1.52.

As shown in Figure 3, the person map illustrates that the person at the top are most agree-able while person at the bottom are most disagreeable to endorse. This indicates tendency to en-dorse higher importance for the questionnaire items. Person P03 being the highest in Wright Map, have the tendency to easily endorse to most of the items, while P11 tends to rate lower which mean, she or he hardly agrees with all items. On the Item side as show in Figure 4, the item at the top are the most difficult question (item) and at the bottom are easiest item. The dis-tribution is quite closely bunched together, except for A1. This might be due to respondents may not understand the term 'structured format' used in the item. Therefore, this question will be re-vised for easier understanding. Almost all items are below person mean, except H4 and A7. This indicates overall agreeableness on the high importance of these factors.

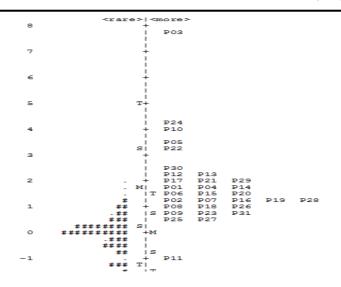


Figure 3: Item map of Person

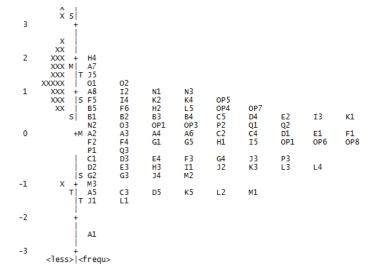


Figure 4: Person map of Item

Analysis obtain from Figure 5 shows value for Point Measure Correlation (PMC) is more than 0 and positive value. So, that there are no questions/ items which do not fit or not appropriately constructed. Therefore, no further action, such as checking or eliminating any questions should be taken.

	COUNT	MEASURE	MODELLIN		FIT PIMEA	OBS% EXP%	Person
		4 66	2412 40	7 413 60	7 414 421	20 0 27 4	2006
							P24
							POZ
							P13
							P30
							Pea
							P22
							Pâŝ
							P12
							P05
							P11
							P10
							204
							P14
							P28
							P25
							207
525		1.001	22	4 7 20	-4.6	04 4 70 6	P69
252	9.5	- 29	- 44 - 44	7.4	-2-915 -33		
258	85	1.10	24 16	5:21:13	6.0 a .45	96.5 79.1	
269.1	84.9	1.85	. 26 1.00	3 1.02		74.6 74.9	
	26662 2211866 22118662 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 220000 2200000 200000 200000 200000 200000 200000 200000 200000 200000 2000000	2006 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05		1	1	1	### Company of the co

Figure 5: Item/Person Measure

STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL VARIANCE SCREE Table of STANDARDIZED RESIDUAL variance (in	
, ,	Empirical Modeled
Total variance in observations =	390.7 100.0% 100.0%
Variance explained by measures =	305.7 78.2% 78.7%
Unexplained variance (total) =	85.0 21.8% 100.0% 21.3%
Unexplned variance in 1st contrast =	11.7 3.0% 13.8%
Unexplned variance in 2nd contrast =	9.0 2.3% 10.6%
Unexplned variance in 3rd contrast =	8.1 2.1% 9.5%
Unexplned variance in 4th contrast =	5.8 1.5% 6.8%
Unexplned variance in 5th contrast =	5.2 1.3% 6.1%

Figure 6: Item map of Person

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